**Chapter 12 The Progressive Era**

**TRUE/FALSE**

1. A large number of immigrants came to South Carolina between 1880 and 1920.

ANS: F

Most of the immigrants that came to the U.S. between 1880 and 1920 did not come to S.C.

PTS: 1 DIF: Comprehension REF: Chapter 12 Section 1

TOP: Immigration

2. Southern churches were separated by race.

ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Knowledge REF: Chapter 12 Section 1

TOP: Lifestyles

3. People could purchase a house kit through a mail-order store.

ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Knowledge REF: Chapter 12 Section 1

TOP: Lifestyles

4. The telephone and electricity came into use in the late 19th century.

ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Knowledge REF: Chapter 12 Section 1

TOP: Technological Developments

5. In the early twentieth century, automobiles became the most convenient form of transportation.

ANS: F

In the early twentieth century, railroads remained the most convenient form of transportation.

PTS: 1 DIF: Application REF: Chapter 12 Section 1

TOP: Technological Developments

6. The first automobile manufacturing plant in South Carolina was located in Columbia.

ANS: F

The first automobile manufacturing plant in South Carolina was located in Rock Hill.

PTS: 1 DIF: Knowledge REF: Chapter 12 Section 1

TOP: Technological Developments

7. The most severe problems of industrialization occurred in rural areas.

ANS: F

The most severe problems of industrialization occurred in the cities.

PTS: 1 DIF: Analysis REF: Chapter 12 Section 2

TOP: The Progressive Era

8. Reformers during the Progressive Era wanted government run by experts, not cronies.

ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Comprehension

REF: Chapter 12 Section 2 TOP: The Progressive Era

9. South Carolina was more cautious about progressive reforms than many states.

ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Application REF: Chapter 12 Section 2

TOP: The Progressive Era

10. South Carolina was one of the first states to ratify the women’s suffrage amendment.

ANS: F

South Carolina did not ratify women’s suffrage until 1969, fifty years after it went into effect.

PTS: 1 DIF: Application REF: Chapter 12 Section 2

TOP: The Progressive Era

11. The textile industry was stimulated by World War I.

ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Application REF: Chapter 12 Section 3

TOP: World War I

12. The Republican Party wanted the United States to join the League of Nations after World War I.

ANS: F

The Republican Party supported isolationism and opposed the United States’ joining the League of Nations.

PTS: 1 DIF: Analysis REF: Chapter 12 Section 3

TOP: World War I

**MULTIPLE CHOICE**

1. Why did few immigrants come to South Carolina between 1880 and 1920?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | They were trained for manufacturing jobs. |
| b. | They were not attracted to S.C.’s struggling economy. |
| c. | They were not offered incentives to come to South Carolina. |
| d. | They wanted to be near their relatives who had settled in northern states. |

ANS: B PTS: 1 DIF: Analysis REF: Chapter 12 Section 1

TOP: Immigration

2. What was the first immigrant group in the late 19th century to experience discrimination?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | Chinese |
| b. | Germans |
| c. | Italians |
| d. | Jews |

ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: Knowledge REF: Chapter 12 Section 1

TOP: Immigration

3. What group of immigrants was favored by the immigration laws of the 1920s?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | Asian |
| b. | Eastern European |
| c. | Southern European |
| d. | Western European |

ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: Application REF: Chapter 12 Section 1

TOP: Immigration

4. What was the best patent medicine to come from the late 19th century?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | aspirin |
| b. | cough syrup |
| c. | eye drops |
| d. | sleeping pills |

ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: Knowledge REF: Chapter 12 Section 1

TOP: Lifestyles

5. Which was NOT a function of the country store?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | bank |
| b. | church |
| c. | polling place |
| d. | social gathering |

ANS: B PTS: 1 DIF: Comprehension

REF: Chapter 12 Section 1 TOP: Lifestyles

6. The first significant distant transmission of electricity came from a hydroelectric plant on what river?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | Pee Dee |
| b. | Savannah |
| c. | Seneca |
| d. | Stono |

ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: Knowledge REF: Chapter 12 Section 1

TOP: Technological Developments

7. Before there were bridges, what did automobile drivers do to cross rivers?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | They used a ferry. |
| b. | They used a flatboat. |
| c. | They drove through the water. |
| d. | They had to drive miles out of their way to get around the river. |

ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: Application REF: Chapter 12 Section 1

TOP: Technological Developments

8. Who was the first automobile manufacturer in South Carolina?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | John Gray Anderson |
| b. | James Buchanan Duke |
| c. | Henry Ford |
| d. | Richard I. Manning |

ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: Knowledge REF: Chapter 12 Section 1

TOP: Technological Developments

9. Why did South Carolina become an early tourist attraction?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | It had beautiful resorts and beaches. |
| b. | It was a good place to spend the winter. |
| c. | It had a good highways which made traveling there easy. |
| d. | It was in easy driving distance of large populations in the north. |

ANS: B PTS: 1 DIF: Analysis REF: Chapter 12 Section 1

TOP: Lifestyles

10. What disease did NOT keep young South Carolinians from serving in the Spanish-American War?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | malaria |
| b. | polio |
| c. | smallpox |
| d. | typhoid |

ANS: B PTS: 1 DIF: Knowledge REF: Chapter 12 Section 1

TOP: Lifestyles

11. What disease caused a pandemic between 1918 and 1919?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | flu |
| b. | malaria |
| c. | pellagra |
| d. | polio |

ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: Knowledge REF: Chapter 12 Section 1

TOP: Lifestyles

12. Who was more apt to get pellagra?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | babies |
| b. | blacks |
| c. | poor |
| d. | young adults |

ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: Comprehension

REF: Chapter 12 Section 1 TOP: Lifestyles

13. During what governor’s administration did South Carolina adopt the direct primary?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | Coleman Blease |
| b. | Robert M. LaFollette |
| c. | Richard I. Manning |
| d. | Benjamin Tillman |

ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: Knowledge REF: Chapter 12 Section 2

TOP: The Progressive Era

14. Why did the direct primary become the only *real* election in South Carolina?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | because South Carolina held only one election |
| b. | because South Carolina was a one-party state |
| c. | because South Carolina’s voters only voted in the primary |
| d. | because South Carolina allowed all voters to vote in the primary |

ANS: B PTS: 1 DIF: Analysis REF: Chapter 12 Section 2

TOP: The Progressive Era

15. Who was the first president to take advantage of the Sherman Antitrust Act?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | Herbert Hoover |
| b. | William McKinley |
| c. | Theodore Roosevelt |
| d. | Woodrow Wilson |

ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: Knowledge REF: Chapter 12 Section 2

TOP: The Progressive Era

16. *The Jungle* exposes problems in what industry?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | auto manufacturing |
| b. | cotton mills |
| c. | meat packing |
| d. | sweatshops |

ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: Comprehension

REF: Chapter 12 Section 2 TOP: The Progressive Era

17. Who succeeded Theodore Roosevelt as President of the United States?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | Herbert Hoover |
| b. | Franklin Roosevelt |
| c. | William Howard Taft |
| d. | Woodrow Wilson |

ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: Application REF: Chapter 12 Section 2

TOP: The Progressive Era

18. Under what South Carolina governor was a tuberculosis sanatorium created?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | Coleman Blease |
| b. | Duncan Heyward |
| c. | Robert LaFollette |
| d. | Richard Manning |

ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: Knowledge REF: Chapter 12 Section 2

TOP: The Progressive Era

19. Which South Carolina governor raised the minimum child labor age to fourteen?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | Coleman Blease |
| b. | Duncan Heyward |
| c. | Robert LaFollette |
| d. | Richard Manning |

ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: Knowledge REF: Chapter 12 Section 2

TOP: The Progressive Era

20. Which amendment to the U.S. Constitution gave women the right to vote?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | 16th |
| b. | 17th |
| c. | 18th |
| d. | 19th |

ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: Knowledge REF: Chapter 12 Section 2

TOP: The Progressive Era

21. Who was the governor of South Carolina during World War I?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | Coleman Blease |
| b. | Duncan Heyward |
| c. | Robert LaFollette |
| d. | Richard Manning |

ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: Knowledge REF: Chapter 12 Section 2

TOP: World War I

22. Besides Belgium, in what other country was most of World War I fought?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | England |
| b. | France |
| c. | Germany |
| d. | United States |

ANS: B PTS: 1 DIF: Knowledge REF: Chapter 12 Section 3

TOP: World War I

23. Who was the only black man to win a Medal of Honor in World War I?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | Bernard Baruch |
| b. | Willie Earl |
| c. | William Gonzales |
| d. | Freddie Stowers |

ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: Knowledge REF: Chapter 12 Section 3

TOP: World War I

24. Why did many workers, especially blacks, migrate to the north during World War I?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | to vote |
| b. | to get jobs |
| c. | to escape the draft |
| d. | to get away from racial discrimination |

ANS: B PTS: 1 DIF: Analysis REF: Chapter 12 Section 3

TOP: World War I

25. What military camp was located in Spartanburg during World War I?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | Camp Jackson |
| b. | Camp Sevier |
| c. | Camp Wadsworth |
| d. | Parris Island |

ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: Knowledge REF: Chapter 12 Section 3

TOP: World War I

**COMPLETION**

1. A(n) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ allows citizens to remove an elected official from office before his or her term ends.

ANS: recall

PTS: 1 DIF: Knowledge REF: Chapter 12 Section 2

TOP: Vocabulary

2. Crusading newspaper reporters and authors were known as \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

ANS: muckrakers

PTS: 1 DIF: Knowledge REF: Chapter 12 Section 2

TOP: Vocabulary

3. Street cars that run on power from overhead wires are called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

ANS: trolleys

PTS: 1 DIF: Knowledge REF: Chapter 12 Section 1

TOP: Vocabulary

4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is another name for wrong-doers.

ANS: Malefactors

PTS: 1 DIF: Knowledge REF: Chapter 12 Section 2

TOP: Vocabulary

5. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is a term used to describe a person who wants the United States to stay out of other country’s struggles.

ANS: Isolationist

PTS: 1 DIF: Knowledge REF: Chapter 12 Section 3

TOP: Vocabulary

6. A passenger vehicle that runs on rails pulled by horses is a(n) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

ANS: street car

PTS: 1 DIF: Knowledge REF: Chapter 12 Section 1

TOP: Vocabulary

7. Hydroelectric is a term used to describe electricity produced from \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

ANS: water

PTS: 1 DIF: Knowledge REF: Chapter 12 Section 1

TOP: Vocabulary

8. A world-wide epidemic is said to be a(n) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

ANS: pandemic

PTS: 1 DIF: Knowledge REF: Chapter 12 Section 1

TOP: Vocabulary

9. A(n) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ allows people to vote on issues put before them by the legislature.

ANS: referendum

PTS: 1 DIF: Knowledge REF: Chapter 12 Section 2

TOP: Vocabulary

10. A group of corporations that combine in order to reduce competition is called a(n) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_,

ANS: trust

PTS: 1 DIF: Knowledge REF: Chapter 12 Section 2

TOP: Vocabulary

11. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is a disease which causes diarrhea, mental depression, and skin disorders.

ANS: Pellagra

PTS: 1 DIF: Knowledge REF: Chapter 12 Section 1

TOP: Vocabulary

12. A(n) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is a person who favors native inhabitants over immigrants.

ANS: nativist

PTS: 1 DIF: Knowledge REF: Chapter 12 Section 1

TOP: Vocabulary

13. The best place in South Carolina to raise tobacco was the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ area.

ANS: Pee Dee

PTS: 1 DIF: Application REF: Chapter 12 Section 1

TOP: Lifestyles

14. Two popular forms of public transportation were streetcars and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

ANS: trolleys

PTS: 1 DIF: Knowledge REF: Chapter 12 Section 1

TOP: Technological Developments

15. The period of history from about 1900 to 1917 is called the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Era.

ANS: Progressive

PTS: 1 DIF: Knowledge REF: Chapter 12 Section 2

TOP: The Progressive Era

16. Rapid \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ caused people to turn to the government for help in solving social and economic problems.

ANS: industrialism

PTS: 1 DIF: Comprehension REF: Chapter 12 Section 2

TOP: The Progressive Era

17. The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ allows party members to choose candidates for political offices.

ANS: direct primary

PTS: 1 DIF: Comprehension REF: Chapter 12 Section 2

TOP: The Progressive Era

18. The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ permitted voters to vote privately.

ANS: secret ballot

PTS: 1 DIF: Comprehension REF: Chapter 12 Section 2

TOP: The Progressive Era

19. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ wrote *The Jungle.*

ANS: Upton Sinclair

PTS: 1 DIF: Knowledge REF: Chapter 12 Section 2

TOP: The Progressive Era

20. The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Act and The Pure Food and Drug Act were passed in an effort to regulate the country’s food and drug supply.

ANS: Meat Inspection

PTS: 1 DIF: Application REF: Chapter 12 Section 2

TOP: The Progressive Era

21. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ organized the South Carolina Equal Rights Association in 1890.

ANS: Virginia Durant Young

PTS: 1 DIF: Knowledge REF: Chapter 12 Section 2

TOP: The Progressive Era

**ESSAY**

1. Describe life in rural South Carolina during the late nineteenth century.

ANS:

Answers will vary but may include

small towns and villages

dirt roads

towns had a small hotel, somewhere to eat, stores, churches, doctor, cotton gin, parks,

bandstands

enjoyed activities like baseball, horse racing, cock fights, parades, spelling bees, special

holiday celebrations

PTS: 1 DIF: Comprehension REF: Chapter 12 Section 1

TOP: Lifestyles

2. What reforms were demanded by middle-class city dwellers during the Progressive Era?

ANS:

Answers will vary, but may include

better public schools with compulsory attendance

health services for the poor

compulsory immunization against contagious diseases

better care for pregnant women and new mothers

safer apartments

creation of parks, open spaces, and fresh air

better transportation systems, e.g., subways and trolleys

PTS: 1 DIF: Comprehension REF: Chapter 12 Section 2

TOP: The Progressive Era